

ITALY QUAKES; FORTY DEAD

KING AND QUEEN HASTEN TO RELIEF OF THE VICTIMS.

Naples and the adjoining provinces shaken by a violent earthquake lasting from 10 to 15 seconds shortly after 3 o'clock this morning. The earthquake centered between Avellino, capital of the province of the same name, twenty-eight miles from Naples, and Calitri, another town in the same province.

The shocks created a panic in Naples, sending the inhabitants terror-stricken into the streets. Later reports gave the number of killed at about twenty-three. Others, however, put it as high as forty.

The Cabinet met at 9 o'clock and sent the Minister of Public Works to Avellino, to which place the Ministry wired \$10,000 for immediate relief.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Elena have gone to the scene of the earthquake. The King attempted to dissuade Queen Elena from accompanying him, since the latest news was more reassuring. The Queen, however, was determined to go. She said:

"My presence is necessary at all festivities. I must likewise never miss a solemn function. I must now be present where there are death and weeping. My post as a mother and woman is in the earthquake area."

The sovereigns left at 2 o'clock this afternoon in an ordinary train, accompanied by the Minister of Public Works, Prof. Bastianelli, several doctors and a carload of medicines and material.

Prime Minister Luzzatti read official telegrams in the Chamber of Deputies showing the damage was limited to Calitri and a few neighboring villages and that the number of killed was twenty-three.

At 11 o'clock to-night full and reliable details of the earthquake are still lacking. The center of the disturbance was toward the region of Monte Vulture, which has been known since Strabo's time to be a dormant volcano, but seismologists unanimously exclude a volcanic origin for the present convulsion. The non-volcanic nature of the earthquake explains the variously affected area, which includes the Provinces of Avellino, Benevento, Caserta, Naples, Foggia and Campobasso. The district is not considered generally a seismic one, but some are of the opinion that the present disturbance is likely to be the beginning of a series.

Throughout the region the shock was sufficiently violent to awaken the sleeping inhabitants, and it was felt slightly in Sicily, but although buildings were cracked and otherwise damaged in many places comparatively few seem to have collapsed, except at Calitri. This place suffered the most owing to local conditions. It stands on the crest of a hill, with its houses judding together. They are built on yielding subsoil excavated from cellars and grottoes which are used as storehouses. Hence the shock, which otherwise would have been no more disastrous than in other places, brought the houses down like toys.

The ruins of a feudal castle above the village partly resisted the shock. It is stated that most of the houses of the well-to-do residents are also standing. Those that were wrecked were mostly occupied by peasants. The entire quarter known as Castello is reported to be a pile of ruins.

In Calitri, however, the debris will be very difficult owing to lack of space. The houses at the top of the hill fell in ruinous heaps, which reach the roofs of lower houses. Pressure by the wreckage threatens to cause the collapse of such buildings as stand.

Late reports put the number of deaths at Calitri at forty. Official confirmation cannot be obtained. The number of injured is small in proportion to those killed, probably because a majority fled at the first tremor and escaped unscathed. Those who delayed were overwhelmed.

From incomplete and unconfirmed accounts of the destruction elsewhere it seems there was great damage. Five persons were killed at San File. Several buildings fell or were damaged at Acconia, where some people were hurt. A church collapsed at Amanteogoli Irpini. The church at Eavito threatens to fall. Three persons were killed at Montorio.

The panic among the lower elements of the population is almost unimaginable to those who have not seen its counterpart. All fled from the immediate neighborhood of their homes like frightened animals. They assembled around wayside shrines loudly invoking the saints and singling out. No argument or appeal will induce them to return to help rescue the possibly living victims. Such work is considered to be the duty of the soldiers, and not a peasant will move a finger in the work. Meanwhile exploration of the ruins is delayed until the few available soldiers are reinforced.

The Bishop of Avellino telegraphed to the Pope this afternoon invoking his aid. The Pope sent money and his blessing.

Reports come in that the shock was felt and houses collapsed and people were injured at San Sossio, Vallata, Paola, Catanzaro, Reggio, Lioni and Sant'Andree di Conza. A despatch from Foggia says cracks have appeared in the wall of the Bovino Cathedral, a building of great architectural beauty.

A despatch from Avellino to the Tribuna says several American missionaries at Calitri were assaulted by the panic-stricken inhabitants, who accused them of having provoked the earthquake by their Protestant propaganda. The missionaries were nearly overpowered when rescued by the police and escorted outside the village.

VIENNA, June 3.—The seismographs of Prof. Belar at the Laimbach observatory recorded an earthquake of catastrophic proportions. The needle deviated six inches, a distance which is most unusual.

BIG PRICE FOR LITTLE COROT. French Painters Struck by Advance in Value of Monet's Work.

PARIS, June 3.—At a sale at the Hotel Drouot to-day a small painting by Corot called "L'Etang" brought \$1,000.

Painters are calling attention to the stupendous rise in the value of pictures by Monet. His "Nana" sold for \$800 in 1884, and it has been sold for \$40,000. His "Bois aux Filles Bergères" which once sold for \$1,000, has brought \$50,000.

VENGEANCE AND DEATH. PARIS, June 3.—A sister of Mme. Goupin, wife of the Governor of the Bank of France, who was murdered by two soldiers on a railway train upon learning that the murderers had been convicted, fell dead, saying her sister's death was avenged.

Duffy's Sparkling Apple Juice

A glassful with each meal will regulate the entire system. Doctors recommend it. Refreshing. Non-alcoholic.

FERRER RIOTERS GO FREE.

Perfect Lepine Couldn't Be Sure of Man Who Tried to Kill Him.

PARIS, June 3.—The sequel of the Ferrer demonstration in Paris on October 12 last took place in the Assize Court here to-day, when Manuel la Torre, the Spaniard who was arrested on the night of the demonstration, was acquitted. Petit, the other prisoner, was also acquitted.

Prefect of Police Lepine stated that on the night of the manifestation he saw the flash of a revolver and his eyebrows were singed. Policemen seized La Torre and declared they saw him discharge the revolver.

M. Lepine, however, declared it was impossible for him to swear to the identity of the firer owing to the flash. The jury adopted his view.

The Public Prosecutor asked for the severest sentence.

NEW BARRIE SKIT.

A Slice of Luck. Attributed to Him, Follows "Chains" at Actors' Matinee.

LONDON, June 3.—Mr. Frohman gave a special matinee of "Chains" at the Duke of York's Theatre to-day for members of the profession, after which the audience were surprised by the presentation of an unannounced short play, entitled "A Slice of Luck."

The name of the author was not given, but the piece was undoubtedly written by James Barrie. It is a clever piece of drollery, burlesquing the modern problem play. It kept the audience in convulsions of laughter.

The cast numbered three, the parts being admirably filled by Gerald Du Maurier, Cecilia Loftus and Irene Vanbrugh.

FAVORS ROYAL RACE SUICIDE.

Social Democrat Disgruntled at Size of the Kaiser's Family.

BERLIN, June 3.—The lower house of the Prussian Diet referred to the Budget Committee to-day the bill increasing the Kaiser's civil list \$500,000. The Social Democrats alone opposed the proposal.

Their spokesman, Herr Hoffmann, was frequently called to order by the Chair. He drew the rebuke of "high treason" from the President by the suggestion that the Kaiser should be elected by the people.

Among other things Herr Hoffmann complained that "the Crown had too many children."

STRETCH THREE MILE LIMIT.

Diplomatic Demands Before Hague Court to Demolish U. S. Theory.

THE HAGUE, June 3.—Sir Robert Finlay continued to-day his presentation of the British side of the Newfoundland fisheries dispute before the Hague tribunal.

He read a number of diplomatic documents for the purpose of showing that the negotiations which led up to the treaty of 1818 did not support the American contention that British jurisdiction in the bays did not extend beyond the three mile limit of territorial waters.

GUNS DISMANTLED.

Consternation in French Artillery Barracks Over Mysterious Theft.

CHERBOURG, June 3.—Consternation reigns in military circles here owing to the discovery that three mounted guns of the latest pattern have been robbed of their essential parts.

Artillery practice which was scheduled for to-morrow has been rendered impossible by the theft.

ELIZABETHAN WARE HIGH.

Thousands Paid at Christie's for Cup and Salt Cellar.

LONDON, June 3.—At a sale at Christie's to-day an engraved Elizabethan silver gilt cup, nine and three-quarter inches high and weighing fifteen ounces, dated 1578, fetched \$11,750.

A small bell shaped Elizabethan salt cellar brought \$2,550.

RAILWAY STRIKES IN FRANCE.

Men Out North and South—Soldiers Protect the Lines.

PARIS, June 3.—The strike of the employees of the Railway du Nord is growing, but the company remains optimistic. In the south of France the railway strike is assuming large proportions.

Soldiers have been called out to protect the lines.

MONO VERSUS BI.

Victory for Single Winged Flier in 18 Mile Race in France.

CHATELAIN, June 3.—A monoplane and a biplane took part to-day in a thirty kilometer eighteen mile race.

The monoplane won by three minutes 10 seconds against 27 minutes.

\$2.50 TO

Atlantic City

AND RETURN

Sunday, June 12, 1910

Pennsylvania R. R.

SPECIAL TRAIN

Leaves West 23d Street 8:45 A. M.

Leaves Atlantic City 7:50 P. M.

MADRIZ DEFIES THE U. S.

ORDERS ANY VESSEL ENTERING BLUEFIELDS TO BE SEIZED.

Dubbague's Commander Threatens Sharp Retaliation if a Shot Be Fired at the American Flag—Humors of Secret Peace Negotiations With Estrada.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BLUEFIELDS, June 3.—There have been repeated rumors here that the assassination of Mr. Moffat, the American Consul, would be attempted, and they have caused considerable indignation. These reports, following the antagonistic attitude adopted by the Madristas in defying the American Government by issuing an official statement that the first vessel entering Bluefields, whether flying the American flag or not, will be seized, have caused a feeling of disquietude among Americans.

In reply to the statement concerning seizures Commander Lines of the Dubbague, who is now the senior American officer here, has given notice to Gen. Rivas in these terms: "The first shot fired at any vessel engaged in commercial relations with America or showing the American flag will cause me to level Bluefields bluff. This warning may be considered final."

The attitude of the Madristas is undoubtedly due to the permission of the American State Department to Gen. Estrada to transfer the custom house from Bluefields bluff to Bluefields City. The feeling of the Madristas toward Americans is very hostile and it is believed it will eventually necessitate the occupation of eastern Nicaragua by American troops.

Gen. Mena is still pursuing Gen. Chavarria, the Government commander, while Gen. Saenz is following Gen. Lara through the swamps. Prisoners are being daily sent to the rear.

The revolutionists, who are friendly to the Americans, seem to have gained through the ill advised action of their opponents, and it is thought that Madriz will not be able to firmly establish his government.

NEW ORLEANS, June 3.—Consul-General Sussman, representing the Estrada government here, received this morning a cable despatch saying that Estrada and Madriz had opened secret peace negotiations. The despatch predicts an early end of the Nicaraguan war.

A leader of the Central American junta here declared to-day that Gen. Victor Gordon is on his way here to meet a Castro emissary for the purpose of organizing an expedition here to go to Venezuela to overthrow the Gomez government.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Thomas P. Moffat, American Consul at Bluefields, Nicaragua, forwarded to the State Department to-day a despatch sent by Señor Estrada, President of the Revolutionary Government, to the President of the Central American Court of Justice at Cartago, Costa Rica, asking the court to use its influence to induce Señor Madriz to accept the mediation of the court in the settlement of the present difficulties in Nicaragua. The message follows:

"Now that we have totally destroyed the armies of Generals Lara, Godoy and Chavarria, who were arrayed against Bluefields and Rama, with the loss of all the essentials of war and hundreds of lives, the Provisional Government believes it to be its duty, animated as always by the sentiment of fraternal peace, to insist on negotiations with Dr. Madriz, who has not as yet replied to our message dated March 15 last."

"To accomplish this end, which will terminate the misfortunes which afflict the nation, permit me to appeal to your honorable tribunal, which has nobly expressed itself as interested in the peace and tranquility of this poor country, that it may interpose its valued influence with Dr. Madriz to the end that he accept our proposals, which consist principally in the friendly mediation of the American Government and other bases already brought to the knowledge of your high tribunal."

No word has been had in the past two days of the fate of William P. Pittman, the American who laid the mines before Bluefields and who was captured by the Government troops after he had been wounded.

ADMIT THEIR AGES.

Three Women Total 306 Years, No French Town Dies Them.

PARIS, June 3.—The municipality of Clamont-sur-Donne has given a banquet in honor of three women living there. Their combined ages reach a total of 306 years.

Bad Fall in Height Contest.

BUDAPEST, June 3.—Aviator Elmoff fell in the course of a height contest here and was gravely injured.

READING ELEGIS WIDENER

To Directorship—Rear Management Up-held by Stockholders.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—By the largest vote ever cast stockholders of the Reading Railway at the annual meeting re-elected the Rear management. The meeting lasted only a few minutes. Less than a dozen shareholders were present in person.

Unusual was the presence of Oscar G. Murray, chairman of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, who personally voted that company's holding of Reading stock, which amounts at par to \$30,322,500.

The vacancy in the board caused by the death of Joseph N. Harriss was filled by the election of Peter A. B. Widener. All of the directors were re-elected as follows: George F. Baer, Henry A. Dupont, Henry P. McKean, Samuel Dickson, Edward T. Stotesbury, Henry C. Frick, Oscar G. Murray and George F. Baker.

DR. AKED OUT OF DANGER.

He Expects to Be in War Harbor by the End of June.

Dr. Charles F. Aked, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, who has been ill of typhoid fever, was said by his physician, Dr. A. R. McMichael, to be out of danger yesterday. He is not yet able to sit up.

Dr. Aked has rented a cottage at Bar Harbor, Me., which he expects to occupy by the end of this month when he is in condition to be moved from his apartments at 2 West Eighty-sixth street.

Dr. Wood's Assaults Convicted.

Edward Lawson and Frank Decameron of Port Richmond, Richmond borough, were found guilty in the Richmond County Court yesterday of assault in the second degree upon Dr. J. Walter Wood, also of Port Richmond, County Judge Stephen D. Stephens suspended sentence. Some time ago Dr. Wood was tried on an indictment charging him with criminal assault upon the wife of Lawson, who is a sister of Decameron. He was acquitted.

The story told by Mrs. Lawson to her husband led to the doctor being assaulted by the two men.

Alabama Insurance Decision.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 3.—The Alabama Insurance Department ruled to-day that no insurance company may sell stock in the State without first being licensed to write insurance and shall not be permitted to do business in Alabama unless licensed as an insurance company in its home State.

HABITUAL SPEEDERS WARNED.

Second Offenses Are Going to Be Second Offenses Now.

Justice McCall of the Supreme Court laid down some law yesterday for automobile speeders with a remark about the Justices of Special Sessions who have had differences with the District Attorney about the punishment of automobile speeders.

The Justices of Special Sessions ruled that unless a prisoner is sent to them by a Magistrate for trial as a second offender the District Attorney may not prosecute him as a second offender, whatever additional evidence the District Attorney may obtain. For the reason that the previous conviction of many drivers does not come out until after the District Attorney's office looks into the case in preparing for trial, the District Attorney decided to rearrange each second offender in a Magistrate's court, this time as a second offender and thus come within the ruling of the Special Sessions Judges.

Joseph B. Burns, a driver who was rearranged as a second offender after he had been once held as a first offender by a Magistrate, sued out a writ of habeas corpus before Justice McCall, declaring that the commitment was illegal and void because he had already been arraigned and held for trial on the same charge of speeding.

The proceeding was justifiable and legal," said Justice McCall in declaring that the writ of habeas corpus cannot be sustained. "While it is true that practically all the features of the first offense charged are present, constituting in large part the basis of the proceeding on the second arraignment, there is injected into the latter the question of the second offense, which if sustained aggravates the charge and carries a much heavier penalty. This is sufficient to differentiate between the two and determine the validity of the second arraignment."

"One added reason which should carry force is that if the contrary be held the situation would be presented that the established fact was recorded that the violator was a second time offender and through the attitude assumed by the Court of Special Sessions in its ruling the District Attorney could not bring that fact to the court's attention, and if this writ were sustained he would be powerless to take any steps to establish the fact by an arraignment for a second offense; a condition, which established technically would simply be intolerable."

The Court remarks that it makes no difference whether the second arraignment be before the same Magistrate as the first or before another Magistrate.

AFRAID SHE'LL BE KIDNAPPED.

Dr. Buffa Explains Why He Doesn't Send His Adopted Daughter to School.

Dr. Vincenzo Buffa, an Italian druggist of 28 Stanton street, was summoned to Essex Market police court yesterday by Truant Officer Nicholson to explain why he had not sent his adopted daughter, Josephine Guerica, to school.

Dr. Buffa explained to Magistrate Cornell that the girl, who is 15 years old, is his sister's child and that both her parents are in Italy. He brought her to America four years ago and legally adopted her.

"I am afraid to send the girl to school," he said. "I have been receiving threatening letters saying that if I didn't pay a large sum to blackmailers they would kidnap her. Three weeks ago I received the first message, a telephone call which demanded \$1,500. I refused to pay and three days later a bomb was exploded before my store. A couple of days later I got another telephone message demanding \$2,500. I refused to pay it, the man said, the girl would be kidnapped. Since then I have kept her in the house; I am afraid to send her to school."

Magistrate Cornell said the law must be obeyed and ordered the druggist to send the girl to school.

"All right," said Dr. Buffa, "there are only seventeen days left in the school year; I will send her under a guard. But if I can make arrangements immediately I will send the girl back to Italy to her real parents. What good is education to her when her life is in danger?"

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

Neglected by Previous Mayors, Says Mr. Gaynor—Skewers at Meat Prices.

Mayor Gaynor, replying yesterday to a request which has been made by Commissioner Driscoll, the new head of the weights and measures bureau, for at least a dozen more inspectors, said that he would do all in his power to increase the Board of Aldermen to permit the employment of the additional men asked for by Mr. Driscoll. The Mayor remarked that within a year he expected to see the city government in perfect condition, and added: "Heretofore it has been literally neglected and left without any oversight whatever, although under the immediate supervision of the Mayor."

Commissioner Driscoll will have a hearing yesterday to the retail butchers of the city on a proposition he is thinking of putting into effect prohibiting the weighing of wooden skewers in meat sold over the counter and charging for them as meat.

D. C. POTTER SWAPS JOBS.

Out of the Finance Department, He Will Head Ambulance Service Board.

The Rev. Daniel C. Potter, who was at one time pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist Church in Second avenue, resigned yesterday the job he was appointed to by ex-Comptroller Groat as head of the charitable institutions bureau in the Finance Department. It has been well known since Mr. Prendergast took office that there was to be a change in the management of the bureau.

Although Dr. Potter leaves the Finance Department, where he got \$5,000 a year, he is to get a job which will pay the same salary. He is to be appointed director of the ambulance service board.

In estimating her husband's ability to pay her \$20,000 a year Mrs. Wheeler says:

When we left Chicago my husband brought securities in a travelling bag amounting to \$1,000,000 which my father-in-law gave him to secure an interest in J. B. Russell & Co. These securities were taken to our apartment and two private messengers removed them to the vaults of J. B. Russell & Co. when my husband took his interest in the firm. He told me that the firm made \$500,000 profit in two years and that their running expenses are \$125,000 a day. He is worth \$1,250,000 and has an income of \$125,000.

Mrs. Wheeler named a dozen of the leading clubs of New York and Chicago, in which she said her husband was a member, and said he was treasurer and director of the Automatic Electric Company of Chicago, in which she says he has \$500,000 invested. He is also interested in a contracting firm that has millions of dollars worth of contracts for the Chicago water works and the Ashokan dam, and has \$400,000 of bonds of the Chicago subway, she says. She declares that from 1905 to 1910 they spent \$20,000 a year, and says her husband told her they could well afford to spend that amount.

Wheeler concedes that his wife is entitled to a separation, but says he had good cause to leave her. One reason was that she brought her father, mother and brother on here to live with her. He denies that he has failed to provide for her and says that he is not able to pay her more than \$40 a week.

The Michigan Race in the Navy Yard. The battleship Michigan, which had been off for a month on a trial cruise along the New England coast, returned yesterday to the Brooklyn navy yard. The officers said they were much pleased with the results of the cruise.

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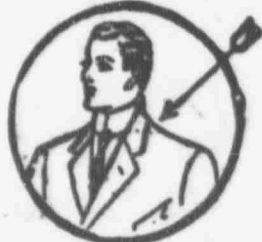
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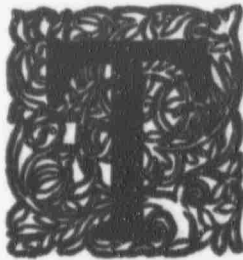
WM. VOGEL & SON.



This Will Interest Those Men Who Must Have the Best Suits Money Can Buy

The Entire Balance of Our \$45, \$40, \$35, \$30 and \$27.50 Suits from Regular Stock Reduced to

23.50



HE one phase of our clothing business which has experienced the greatest development is the selling of higher-cost suits. The high plane which our tailors have reached in these suits at \$27.50 to \$45 has won an ever-increasing patronage of men who must

have the best. This development made it necessary for us to carry larger stocks in these particular lines. Now that the various lots have become depleted, we have gathered them into one group and reduced them to the uniform price, \$23.50, for immediate clearance.

The fabrics are of foreign origin and clever native duplications in roughish tweeds and fine worsteds, of brown, gray or blue cast. Some of them are lined with the richest quality of silk. The models represent the very latest style trend.

WM. VOGEL & SON

Broadway at Houston St.

Broadway at 44th St.

WORTH \$1,250,000 WIFE SAYS

PAPERS ON WHICH SHE GOT HER \$10,000 ALIMONY.

Wife of Stock Exchange Member Said That He Told Her They Could Afford to Spend \$10,000 a Year—He Said He Could Only Give Her \$40 a Week.

The motion papers on the application of Claudia Carleton Wheeler for alimony pending her suit for a separation from Albert Gallatin Wheeler, Jr., a Stock Exchange member of J. B. Russell & Co., upon which Supreme Court Justice McCall granted \$10,000 a year alimony and \$1,500 counsel fee, were filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday.

Mrs. Wheeler, who was singing with Frank Daniels in "The Idol's Eye" when Wheeler married her in 1898, said in her moving papers that she was only 21 years old at the time and that her husband's father, Albert G. Wheeler, promoter of the Chicago subway system, knew all about her family connections, her father having been director of the Boston Conservatory of Music. Her affidavit continues:

With reference to the harsh and cruel manner in which my husband abandoned me I would state that he left me without the slightest possible cause, and when I fact I was alone and became unconscious. If it had not been for the care and attention of my maid servant I doubt if I would have recovered from the low physical condition for several months to come. I have been under the care of a physician and using every possible means to keep my health to prosecute this action.

Since my husband deserted me I have written two imploring letters endeavoring to have him come back and live with me, but he has answered neither of them. He attempted to get the furniture from the apartment but failed and then on April 25 started to leave and took with him the furniture and the apartment. The Sheriff has removed all the furniture and furnishings of every description, leaving me not even a bed to sleep on. He notified the managers of the Dakota not to give me food and other necessities of life and had the telephone cut off, informing me that if I did not leave the apartment he would have me thrown out, although I had absolutely no place to go. The lease does not expire until November 12, and if I left the apartment it would be vacant on his hands.

Mrs. Wheeler said that since her husband removed the furniture she has been able to borrow from the servants' quarters "two coats upon which to rest at night, with a couple of chairs and a table comprise all the furniture. There is no carpet on the floor."

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B. Altman & Co.

FURS, RUGS AND DRAPERIES STORED